

SPINDASYN Hollow shaft motors.

With integrated heavy duty bearing.







Hollow shaft motors with integrated axial bearing for high forces: SPINDASYN

For applications requiring high forces and extremely accurate linear positioning, SPINDASYN hollow shaft motors from AMK are the perfect choice:

SPINDASYN is a pre-assembled turnkey solution. Each unit consists of a powerful servo motor with an axial bearing and an integrated multiturn absolute encoder. Various adapter flanges are available for connecting to different screw-nut systems. To meet the requirements of customer specific applications, there is a variety of motors and bearings in the SPINDASYN modular kits according to screw lead and other parameters. In the end, the customer receives a mechatronic system that is perfectly suited for the speeds and forces in the application.

Various motor designs with blind hollow shafts or hollow through-shafts are available so that process costs can be optimized. Motors with a blind hollow shaft are excellent candidates for applications where only short strokes are required. Unlimited stroke lengths are possible in motors with hollow through-shafts. Motors with hollow through-shafts also allows power or compressed air to be fed along the moving axis.

SPINDASYN motors are available in convection or liquid-cooled models. In particular, the liquid-cooled models can be used to realize solutions with extreme short cycle times as they are possible with hydraulic or pneumatic systems. The excellent dynamic performance of the position controller allows for highly precise and reproducible processes.

The entire system of SKT motors and screw-nut systems is an economically superior alternative to hydraulic and linear motors in applications with high forces and varying speeds. SKT solutions can greatly reduce your design and operational costs.

Our expertise - an advantage.

Flexibility via modular concept

The modular design of SPINDASYN linear drives with respect to performance, screw diameter and axial force allows them to be specifically adapted to various applications. There is the choice from models with hollow through-shafts or blind hollow shafts, so that there is the option of limiting the strokes or not.

Energy efficiency

Compared to hydraulic systems and linear direct drives, SPINDASYN offers significantly higher efficiencies. Thus the customer achieves a better overall energy efficiency.

Extremely compact design

Since SPINDASYN includes an integrated screw, an entire linear drive with minimal dimensions can be designed. All of the functional elements such as the servo motor, bearing, DIN fitting for screw nuts, holding brake and encoder system are concentrated together as a compact unit within a single enclosure.

High stiff

The integrated bearing eliminates the need for shaft couplings and significantly reduces the number of bearing points required. With the stiff enclosure and the amply dimensioned power-train components, the entire system provides extreme stiff.

High dynamic performance

Since the design is extremely compact, the moment of inertia is also very low. The servo motor offers high power and acceleration ratings as well as high overload capacity. Of special note, the torsionally stiff connection to the screw nut allows very dynamic controller settings to be used.

Reduced design complexity

The ready-to-install unit consists of a servo motor, heavy duty bearing and multiturn absolute encoder and can be connected directly to a screw nut.

IP54 protection rating

With IP54 protection rating, these motors are also suitable for harsh environments.





Installation at any location

Fitted with sealed bearings, SPINDASYN units can be installed in any location. According to customer application, the bearings can also be re-lubricated.

Maintenance-free operation

Since SPINDASYN uses high-torque motors with sealed enclosures, they are practically maintenance-free and offer high availability. The integrated temperature sensors protect the motors against thermal overloading. Depending on the lifetime lubricated angular contact ball bearings and tapered roller bearings may have to be re-lubricated.

Heavy duty applications and high speeds

SPINDASYN hollow shaft motors are an efficient alternative to existing hydraulic solutions or linear drives in applications where high loads have to be moved at various different speeds.

Highest power density through liquid cooling (optional)

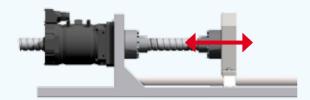
Liquid-cooled motors are compact in design and offer higher dynamic performance through less moving mass. Since the motors weigh less and are smaller in size, they are also easier to install.

At a glance, this means:

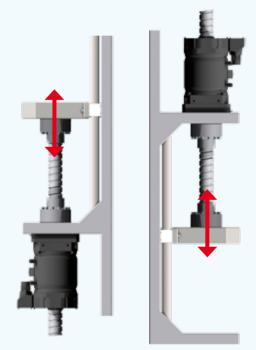
- ▶ Highest productivity
- ▶ Outstanding process control
- ▶ High precision
- ▶ Very high efficiency
- Low energy consumption



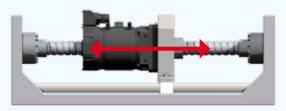
Functionality and applications.



Horizontal configuration, hollow through-shaft, no limiting of strokes



Vertical configuration, e.g., stroke unit, press



One motor on a stationary screw



Multiple motors on a stationary screw, e.g., format adjustments

Anti-twist protection

In linear movements, the motor torque is applied to the screw in the opposite direction. This torque has to be braced by a linear guidance.

Companion structure

Radial loads or overturning torques reduce the life of the screw-nut systems. The companion structure, makes sure that the motor and screw-nut system are flush with each other and that no radial forces are present.

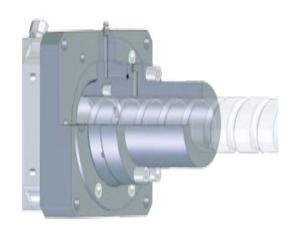
Screw-nut system

SKT motors are suitable for screw-nut systems such as roller or ball screws. As a rule of thumb, roller screws can support larger forces with smaller diameters while ball screws offer better dynamic performance and are more cost-effective.



Connecting flange to central lubrication

The optional flange with stationary lubrication bore can be easily connected to a central lubrication system. In this solution, the screw nut is continuously lubricated. A stop of the machine for re-lubrication is not necessary.



Direction of force

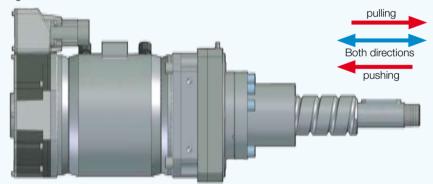
The SPINDASYN hollow shaft motors are designed for very high axial loads. In versions with normal duty bearings, the motor hollow shaft is designed to withstand both pulling and pushing forces. With heavy duty bearings, the specified direction of force must be observed. There are heavy duty bearings

for both force directions and heavy duty bearings the force can only be applied in direction D or Z as specified. The direction of force can be found in the product code on page 11.

Direction of force onto motor hollow shaft

D = pushing, Z = pulling, B = both directions ball bearing, R = both directions roller bearing

The direction of force is relative to the motor hollow shaft (threaded screw). Note that the forces are applied to the hollow-shaft flange in the opposite direction.



Designing bearings for SKT motors

For the dimensioning of the motor, a bearing life characteristic is provided for each motor type. As the example shows, the bearing life can be calculated for a specific application.

Example for an electrical press:

Pressing force: Fp = 25 kNStroke: Sv = 0.5 mPress stroke: Sp = 0.1 mScrew lead: h = 20 mmCycle time: t = 2 s

Number of revolutions over press stroke:

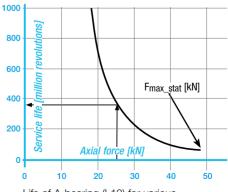
A = Sp/h A = 0.1 m/0.02 mA = 5 revolutions From diagram:

L10 = 380 million revolutions for 25 kN

Number of cycles: Z = L10/A

Z = 380 million/5Z = 76 million cycles

Service life: L10h = t * Z L10h = 2 s * 76 million L10h = 152 million s L10h = 42222h



Life of A-bearing (L10) for various axial forces Fa in [kN]

SPINDASYN hollow shaft motor in connection with screw-nut systems.

The SKT principle of rotating nuts.

The screw nut is directly connected to the hollow shaft of the motor. The direction of rotation of the screw nuts is converted to the linear movement of the screw. Here, the screw only moves linearly and does not rotate. The direct drive of the screw nut offers many advantages, especially compared to systems with rotating

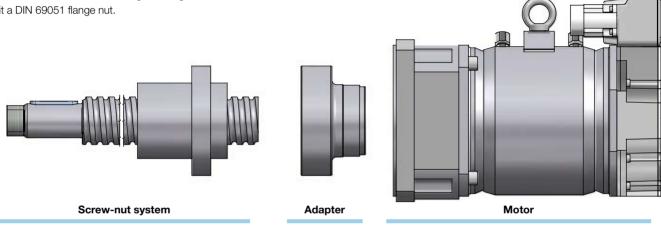
screws. Thus, higher speeds of movement are possible with the direct drive and the torsionally stiff connection to the screw nut allows for better dynamic performance. With the SKT series, the dynamic performance, torsional stiff and precision no longer suffer the negative effects from mechanical transmission elements such as belt drives or couplings. The motor bearings take up the high forces directly so that heavy duty applications are possible. Hence, machine design becomes much sim-

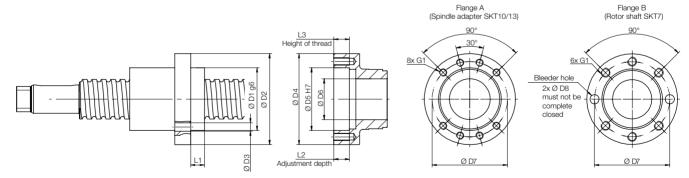
The SKT series also allows for completely new solutions to be developed, such as multiple SKT motors on a stationary screw.

Interface between hollow-shaft flange and screw nut.

flange using a matching adapter (to be ordered shown in the following overview. separately). An exception to this is the SKT7 motor where the hollow-shaft flange is designed to fit a DIN 69051 flange nut.

The screw nut is fastened to the hollow-shaft The dimensions for choosing screw nuts are





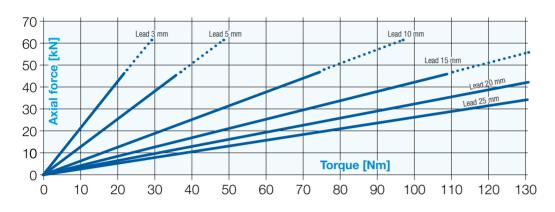
	Motor	rtype	Standard Adaptor No.	J * [kgcm^2]	Screw ø [mm]	Flange	D1=D5 [mm]	L1 [mm]	D2 [mm]	D3 [mm]	D4 [mm]	D6 [mm]	L2 [mm]	D7 [mm]	G1	L3 [mm]
	uty ons	SKT7	_*	-	32	B*	50	min. 20 max. 49	max. 95	9.5	95	50	50	65	M8	20
	Normal duty applications	SKT10	AN10-01	103	63	Α	95	max. 21	_	13.5	140	65	22	115	M12	20
	apk apk	SKT13	AN13-01	616	100	Α	150	max. 54	-	17.5	212	105	55	176	M16	20
, A	duty ap- plications	SKT10	AS10-01	104	63	Α	95	max. 24	_	13.5	140	65	25	115	M12	25
Ī	duty	SKT13	AS13-01	766	100	Α	150	max. 74	-	17.5	212	105	75	186	M16	25

^{*} SKT7 hollow-shaft flange fits DIN69051 flange nut, no adapter required

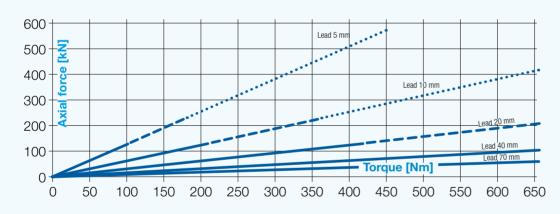


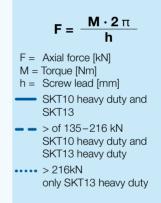
Overview: Adapting the speed and axial force via screw lead.

Axial forces SKT7 and SKT10 normal duty

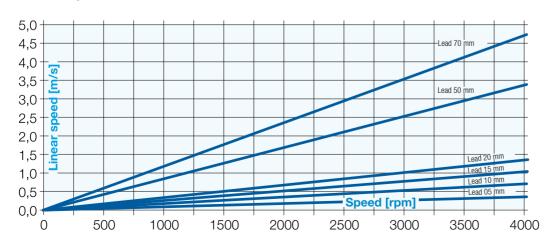


Axial forces SKT10 heavy duty, SKT13 normal and heavy duty





Linear speeds for various leads



$$V = \frac{n \cdot h}{60 \cdot 1000}$$

$$V = \text{Linear speed [m/s]}$$

$$n = \text{Speed [rpm]}$$

$$h = \text{Screw lead [mm]}$$

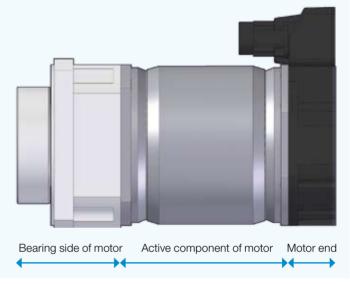
Modular design of SPINDASYN hollow shaft motors.

The SPINDASYN series is a modular system. The active component of the motor can be distances or cycle times for a specific applica-faster cycle times, for instance. tion by choosing from the various motor ele-

The motor bearings can be selected for unlimited length as well as for a multiturn absodynamic or heavy duty applications.

First a motor can be choosen from the various fitted with convection or liquid-cooling. Since sizes available. Next, the SPINDASYN motor liquid-cooled motors allows for higher power can be modified for the specific forces, travel densities, they are a good choice to achieve

> A hollow through-shaft at the end of the motor provides sufficient room for screw strokes of lute encoder.



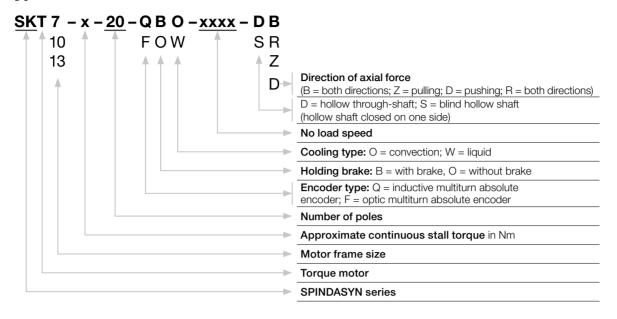
Options:

A customized SPINDASYN configuration

Bearing side of motor	Active component of motor	Motor end
Normal duty bearing Lubricated-for-life, normal duty bearing with continuous lubrication depending on application Good acceleration characteristics Support of high axial loads For pushing and pulling forces Seals on both sides of the bearing offer good protection against dirt High stiff and low friction For dynamic applications for sizes SKT7, SKT10, and SKT13	Convection-cooled - Various overall lengths for each size - Highly dynamic - High maximum torque - Smooth surface	Hollow through-shaft No limits in screw stroke Compact overall lengths Multiturn absolute encoder Optional hollow shaft brake
For highest forces in sizes SKT10 and SKT13 Lubricated-for-life heavy duty bearing with continuous lubrication depending on application Support of highest axial loads Especially suited for heavy duty screws Static forces of up to 570 kN Dynamic forces of up to 210 kN High stiff and low friction	Liquid-cooled Various overall lengths for each size Highly dynamic High maximum torque Smooth surface at the end Increase in continuous torque for shorter cycle times Cooling circuit made of stainless steel to protect against corrosion	Closed end of motor Bleeding of trapped air via front end bell Multiturn absolute encoder Optional holding brake



Type code



SKT hollow shaft motors

		n cooled	pel	w shaft	ugh-shaft	haft	Force direction B = both sides	Bea axial f		Stall	data		R	ated	data		Maxir dat		Med	chanica	al da	ta
	SKT motor type	Convection cooled	Liquid cooled	Blind hollow shaft	Hollow through-shaft	Ø Hollow shaft	Z = pulling D = pushing R = both sides	Fmax stat [kN]	Fmax dyn [kN]	M _o [Nm]	l _o [A]	M _N [Nm]	P N [kW]	I _N [A]	n _N [rpm]	k _T [Nm/A]	M _{max} [Nm]	I _{max} [A]	n _{max} [rpm]	J * [kgcm²]	L * [mm]	m * [kg]
	SKT7-17-20-xxO-3500	0	-	-	D			48	18	17	11.3	11,3	2.8	7,2	2,500	1.5	65	50	3,500	64	270	22
	SKT7-28-20-xxO-2600	0	-	s	D		В	48	18	32	15.2	19	4	9	2,000	2.1	130	75	4,000	90	330	28
ဟ	SKT7-40-20-xxO-2000	0	-	s	D		В	48	18	42	15.2	29	3	10,5	1,000	2.76	210	100	2,000	118	390	34
applications	SKT7-55-20-xxW-4000	-	w	s	D		В	48	18	60	40.2	45	12	30	2,500	1.49	116	99	5,000	90	327	34
duty app	SKT10-54-20-xxO-1400	0	-	-	D		В	61	23	64	16	42	4.5	10,5	1,000	4	194	67	2,000	425	316	48
Normal duty	SKT10-95-20-xxO-1400	0	-	s	D		В	61	23	90	23.4	73	6.1	19	800	3.85	360	105	3,000	494	436	67
_	SKT10-100-20-xxW-3000	-	w	s	D		В	61	23	95	54.3	66	11	38	1,500	1.75	160	132	3,000	425	316	48
	SKT10-145-20-xxW-2000	-	w	s	D		В	61	23	160	66.6	120	18	50	1,500	2.4	310	200	2,500	569	436	65
	SKT13-200-20-xxW-2600	-	w	-	D	105	В	135	70	360	145.8	240	45	103	1,800	2.3	640	330	3,300	1,822	520	160
tions	SKT10-100-20-xxW-3000	-	w	-	D		D, Z	216	85	95	54.3	66	11	38	1,500	1.75	160	132	3,000	458	357	55
applications	SKT10-145-20-xxW-2000	-	w	s	D		D, Z	216	85	160	66.6	120	18	50	1,500	2.4	310	200	2,500	610	477	71
duty	SKT13-200-20-xxW-2600	-	w	-	D	105 105	R push	570 380	210	360	145.8	240	45	103	1,800	2.3	640	330	3,300	2,399	600	191
Heavy	SKT13-650-20-xxW-1200	-	w	-	D	105 105	R push	570 380	210	660	108.7	600	63	130	1,000	4.6	1,280	330	1,500	3,366	780	240

^{*} Variants with hollow through-shaft

SKT7 convection-cooled

with hollow through-shaft or blind hollow shaft



Features

- Torque motor with broad, linear current-torque characteristic
- Speeds optimized for screw-nut systems
- Anti-backlash bearing
- Very stiff radial coupling between hollow shaft of motor and nut
- Very high axial stiff
- Customized flanges available
- Lubricated-for-life, sealed bearing
- Suitable for radial and axial loads
- Optional lubrication of screw nut on stationary component
- Force can be applied in both directions
- Optional brake for vertical axes

Applications

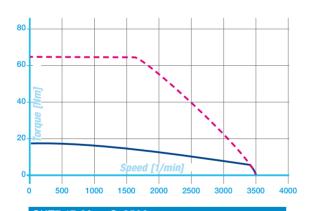
- Normal duty
- Short movements or unlimited stroke length

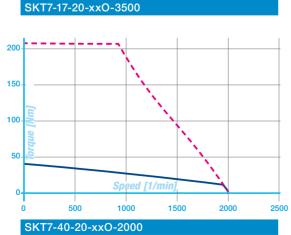
Equipment

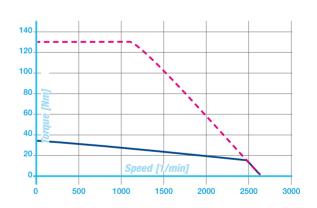
	Standard	Option
Brake	_	18 Nm
Encoder	Q, multiturn, inductive	F, multiturn, optical

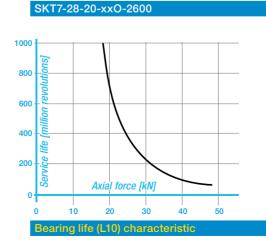
Connecting cable: Nominal cross-section of copper conductor 1.5 mm² Power connector, size 1

Characteristic curves



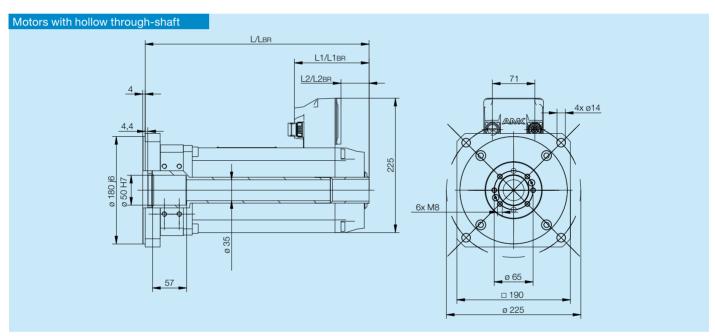


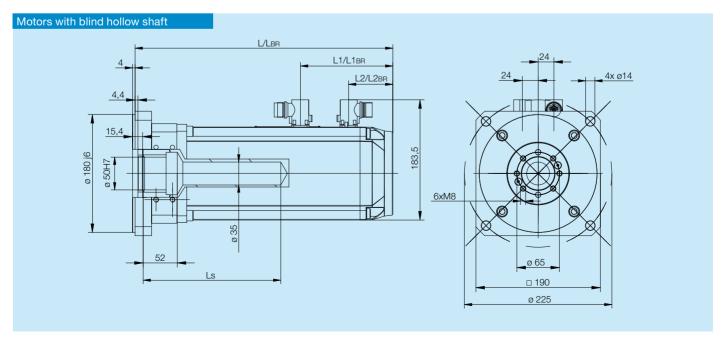






	v shaft	ngh-shaft	Bea axial f	ring orces	St da	all ita		Ra	ated (data		Maxir da	num ta				М	echa	nical	data				
Motor type	Blind hollow	Hollow throu					M _N [Nm]	PN [kW]	I _N [A]	nN [rpm]	k _T [Nm/ A]	M _{max} [Nm]	I _{max} [A]	n _{max} [rpm]		Ls [mm]		L1 [mm]	L2 [mm]	L _{BR} [mm]	L1 _{BR} [mm]	L2 _{BR} [mm]		mBR [kg]
SKT7-17-20-xxO-3500	-	D	48	18	17	11.3	11.3	2.8	7.2	2,500	1.5	65	50	3,500	64	∞	270	80	10	315	125	47	22	27
SKT7-28-20-xxO-2600	S	-	48	18	32	15.2	19	4	9	2,000	2.1	130	75	4,000	77	210	348	96	68	393	141	68	29	31
3K17-26-20-XXO-2000	-	D	40	10	32	15.2	19	4	9	2,000	2.1	130	75	4,000	90	∞	330	80	10	375	125	47	28	33
SKT7-40-20-xxO-2000	S	-	48	18	42	15.2	29	3	10.5	1,000	2.76	210	100	2,000	99	270	408	96	68	453	141	68	35	37
3K17-40-20-XXO-2000	-	D	40	10	42	13.2	29	٥	10.5	1,000	2.70	210	100	2,000	118	∞	390	80	10	435	125	47	34	39





SKT7 liquid-cooled

with hollow through-shaft or blind hollow shaft



Features

- Torque motor with broad, linear current-torque characteristic
- Speeds optimized for screw-nut systems
- Anti-backlash bearing
- Very stiff radial coupling between hollow shaft of motor and nut
- Very high axial stiff
- Customized flanges available
- · Lubricated-for-life, sealed bearing
- Suitable for radial and axial loads
- Optional lubrication of screw nut on stationary component
- Force can be applied in both directions
- Optional brake for vertical axes

Applications

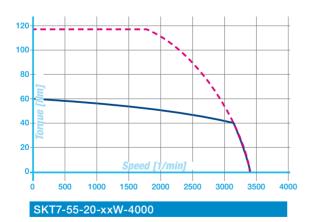
- Normal duty
- Short movements or unlimited stroke length

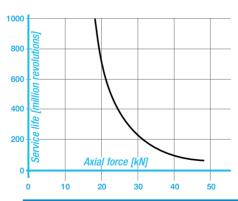
Equipment

	Standard	Option
Brake	_	18/50* Nm * Brake for hollow through-shaft
Encoder	Q, multiturn, inductive	F, multiturn, optical

Connecting cable: Nominal cross-section of copper conductor 10 mm² Power connector, size 1.5

Characteristic curves

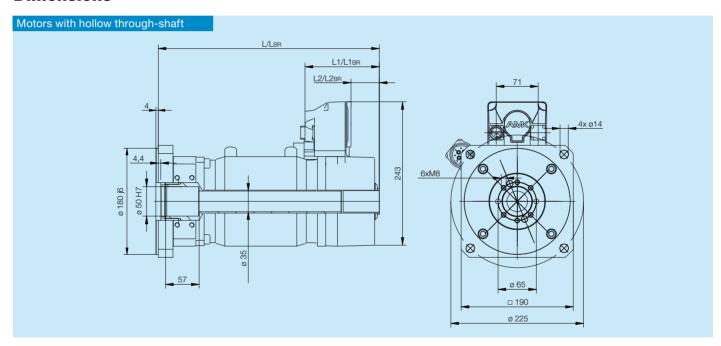


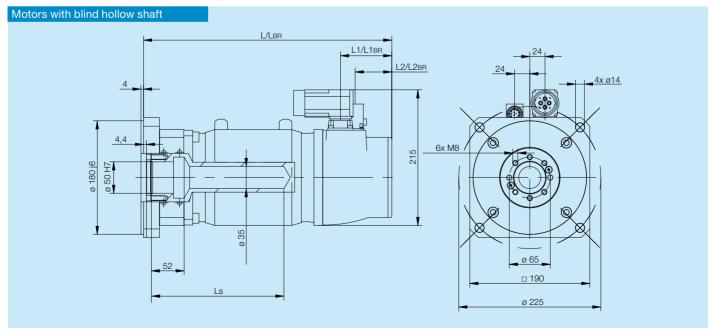


Bearing life (L10) characteristic



Motor type o	igh-shaft	Bea axial f	ring orces	Stall	data		R	ated	data		Maxii da					Me	chan	ical (data				
Motor type	Hollow throu			Mo [Nm]		M _N [Nm]	P _N [kW]	I _N [A]	nN [rpm]		M _{max} [Nm]	I _{max} [A]	n _{max} [rpm]		Ls [mm]						L2 _{BR} [mm]		m _{BR} [kg]
SKT7-55-20-xxW-4000	<u> </u>	48	18	60	40.2	45	12	30	2,500	1.49	116	99	5,000	75	210	362	50	27	393	81	58	34	36
- SK17-33-20-XXW-4000	D	40	10	00	40.2	45	12	30	2,500	1.49	110	99	5,000	90	∞	327	86	8	367	126	48	34	38





SKT10 convection-cooled

with hollow through-shaft or blind hollow shaft



Features

- Torque motor with broad, linear current-torque characteristic
- Speeds optimized for screw-nut systems
- Anti-backlash bearing
- Very stiff radial coupling between hollow shaft of motor and nut
- Very high axial stiff
- Customized flanges available
- Sealed bearing with possibility for continuous lubrication
- Ball bearing for medium duty and high speeds
- Optional lubrication of screw nut on stationary component
- Force can be applied in both directions
- Optional brake for vertical axes

Applications

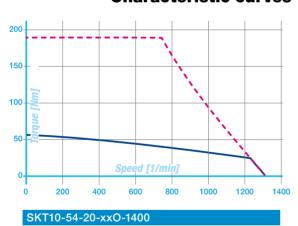
- Normal and medium duty
- · Short movements or unlimited stroke length

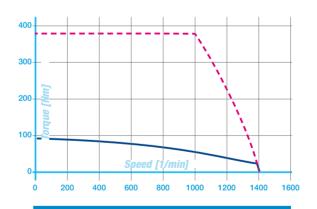
Equipment

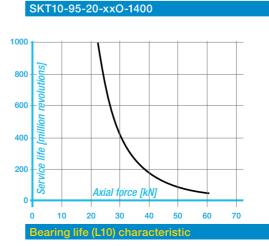
	Standard	Option
Brake	_	120 Nm
Encoder	Q, multiturn, inductive	F, multiturn, optical

Connecting cable: Nominal cross-section of copper conductor 4 mm² Power connector, size 1.5

Characteristic curves



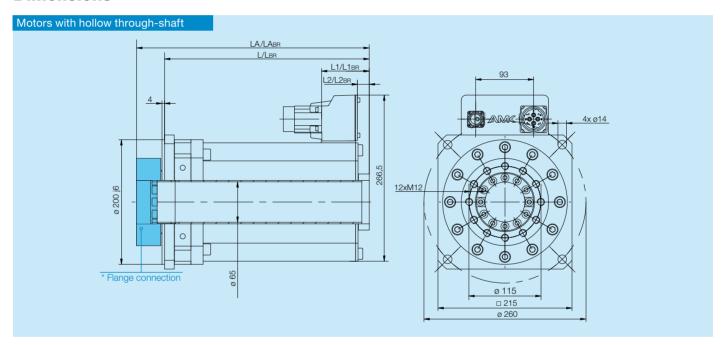


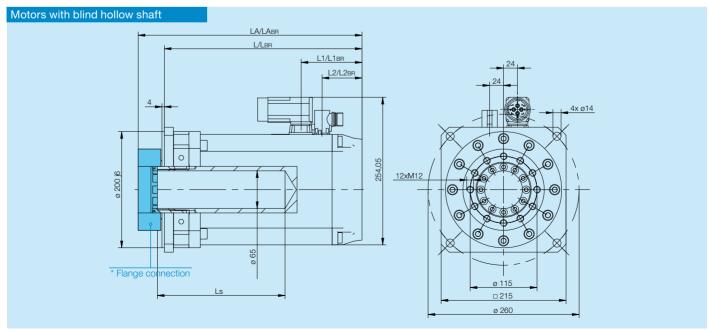


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		shaft	igh-shaft		ring orces		tall ata		R	atec	l data		Maxir dat						N	lecha	anica	al dat	a				
	Motor type	Blind hollow shaft	Hollow throu	F _{max} stat [kN]	F _{max} dyn [kN]			M _N [Nm]	P N [kW]	I N [А]		kŢ [Nm/A]	M _{max} [Nm]	I _{max} [A]	n _{max} [rpm]	J [kgcm²]	Ls [mm]	L [mm]		L1 [mm]			LA _{BR} [mm]	L1 _{BR} [mm]	L2 _{BR} [mm]	m [kg]	mBR [kg]
	SKT10-54-20-xxO-1400	-	D	61	23	64	16	42	4.5	10,5	1,000	4	194	67	2,000	425	∞	316	361	65	7	402	447	151	93	48	65
ĺ	SKT10-95-20-xxO-1400	s	-	61	23	an	23.4	73	61	19	800	3.85	360	105	3,000	490	370	460	505	106	69	521	566	167	130	67	76
	38110-93-20-880-1400	-	D	01	20	30	20.4	73	0.1	13	000	3.03	300	103	0,000	494	∞	436	481	65	7	522	567	151	93	67	84





^{*} Flange connection to screw nut, see page 8 \cdot Legend on page 31 \cdot All dimensions in mm.

SKT10 liquid-cooled

with hollow through-shaft or blind hollow shaft



Features

- Torque motor with broad, linear current-torque characteristic
- Speeds optimized for screw-nut systems
- Anti-backlash bearing
- Highly stiff radial coupling between hollow shaft of motor and nut
- Very high axial stiff
- Customized flanges available
- Sealed bearing with possibility for continuous lubrication
- Ball bearing for medium duty and high speeds
- Optional lubrication of screw nut on stationary component
- Force can be applied in both directions
- Optional brake for vertical axes

Applications

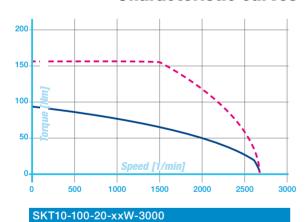
- Normal and medium duty
- · Short movements or unlimited stroke length

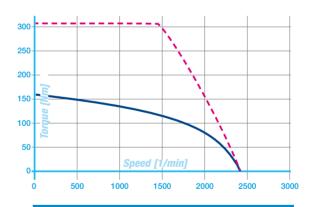
Equipment

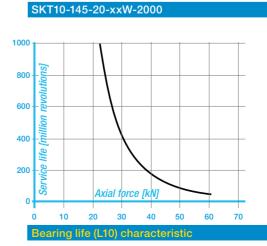
	Standard	Option
Brake	-	120 Nm
Encoder	Q, multiturn, inductive	F, multiturn, optical

Connecting cable: Nominal cross-section of copper conductor 16 mm² Power connector, size 1.5

Characteristic curves

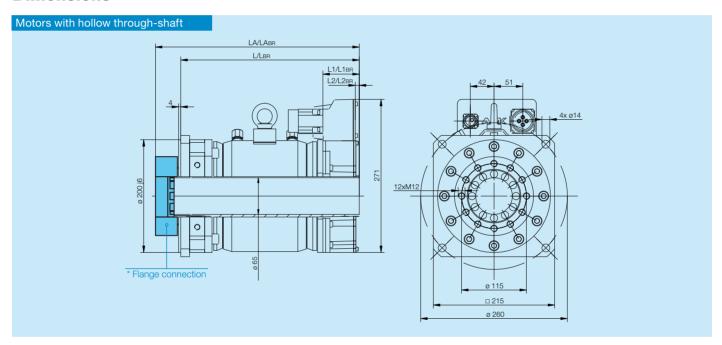


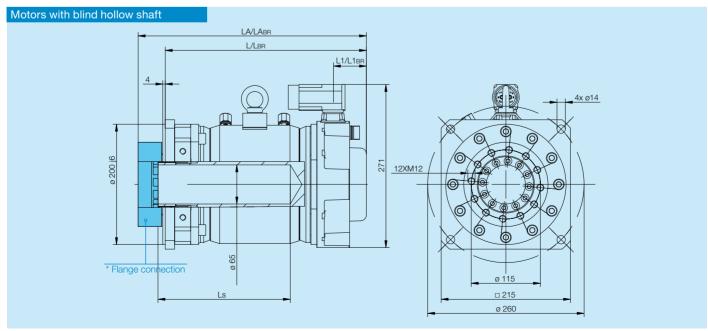






	/ shaft	igh-shaft	Bea axial f			tall ata		Ra	ted	data		Maxir da						Мє	echa	nical	l data					
Motor type	Blind hollow shaft	Hollow throu	F _{max_stat} [kN]	F _{max_dyn} [kN]	Mo [Nm]		M _N [Nm]	P N [kW]	I _N [A]	n _N [rpm]	k _T [Nm/ A]	M _{max} [Nm]	I _{max} [A]	n _{max} [rpm]	J [kgcm²]	Ls [mm]								L2 _{BR} [mm]		
SKT10-100-20-xxW-3000	s	-	61	23	05	E 4 2	66	11	20	1,500	1 75	160	120	3,000		250	334	379	56	48	420	465	117	109	48	57
3K110-100-20-xxw-3000	-	D	01	23	95	34.3	00	'''	36	1,500	1.75	100	132	3,000	425	8	316	361	65	7	402	457	151	93	48	65
SKT10-145-20-xxW-2000	s	-	61	23	160	66.6	120	10	50	1,500	2.4	310	200	2,500		370	454	499	56	48	540	585	117	109	64	74
SK110-145-20-xxw-2000	-	D	01	23	100	00.0	120	10	30	1,500	2.4	310	200	2,500	569	8	436	481	65	7	522	567	151	93	65	82





 $^{^{\}star}$ Flange connection to screw nut, see page 8 \cdot Legend on page 31 \cdot All dimensions in mm.

SKT13 liquid-cooled

with hollow through-shaft



Features

- Torque motor with broad, linear current-torque characteristic
- Speeds optimized for screw-nut systems
- Anti-backlash bearing
- Highly stiff radial coupling between hollow shaft of motor and nut
- Very high axial stiff
- Customized flanges available
- Sealed bearing with possibility for continuous lubrication
- Ball bearing for medium duty and high speeds
- Optional lubrication of screw nut on stationary component
- Force can be applied in both directions
- Optional brake for vertical loads

Applications

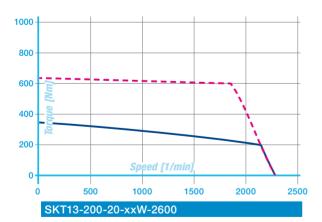
- Normal and medium duty
- · Short movements or unlimited stroke length

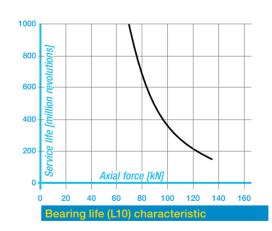
Equipment

	Standard	Option
Brake	_	250 Nm
Encoder	Q, multiturn, inductive	F, multiturn, optical

 $\textbf{Connecting cable:} \ \ \text{Nominal cross-section of copper conductor } 35 \ \text{mm}^2$

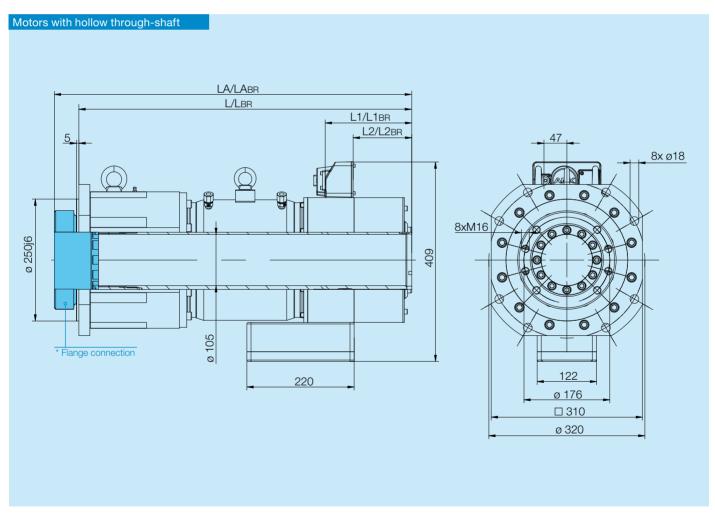
Characteristic curves







	igh-shaft	Bearin for	g axial ces	Stall	data		Ra	ated	data		Maxii da						Me	chan	ical d	lata				
Motor type	Hollow throu		F _{max} dyn [kN]			M _N [Nm]	P _N [kW]	I _N [A]		kŢ [Nm/A]	M _{max} [Nm]	I _{max} [A]	n _{max} [rpm]							LA _{BR} [mm]	L1 _{BR} [mm]			
SKT13-200-20-xxW-2600	D	135	70	360	145.8	240	45	103	1,800	2.3	640	330	3,300	1,822	520	560	85	27	630	670	195	137	160	180



²¹

SKT10 liquid-cooled

with hollow through-shaft or blind hollow shaft



Features

- Torque motor with broad, linear current-torque characteristic
- Speeds optimized for screw-nut systems
- Anti-backlash bearing
- Highly stiff radial coupling between hollow shaft of motor and nut
- Very high axial stiff
- Customized flanges available
- Sealed bearing with possibility for continuous lubrication
- Roller bearing for heavy duty and medium speeds
- Optional lubrication of screw nut on stationary component
- Direction of force: pushing or pulling
- Optional brake for vertical axes

Applications

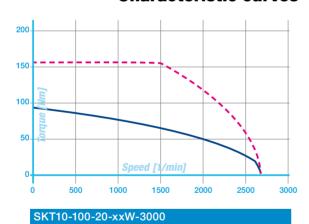
- Heavy duty
- Short movements or unlimited stroke length

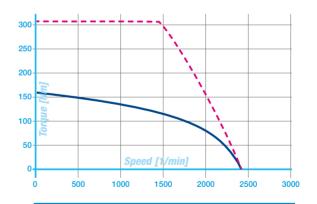
Equipment

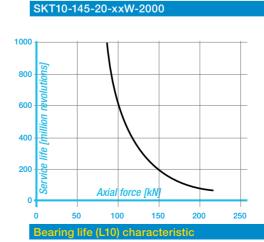
	Standard	Option
Brake	_	250 Nm
Encoder	Q, multiturn, inductive	F, multiturn, optical

Connecting cable: Nominal cross-section of copper conductor 16 mm² Power connector, size 1.5

Characteristic curves



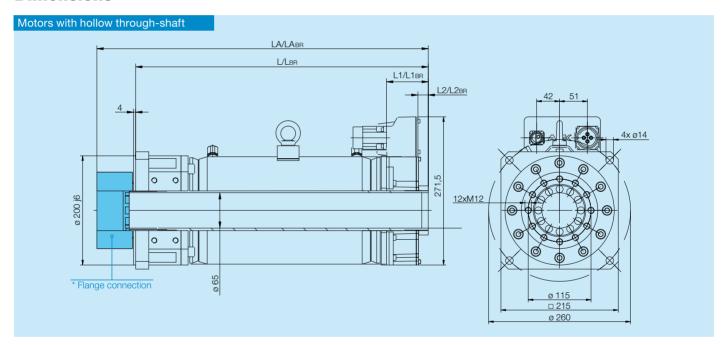


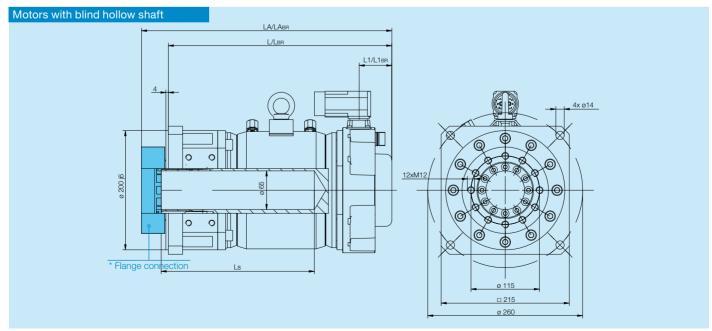


22



	shaft	igh-shaft		aring axial forces			Stall data Rated data					Maximum Mechanical data														
Motor type	Blind hollow shaft	Hollow throu		F _{max} dyn [kN]			M _N [Nm]	P _N [kW]	I _N [A]		kŢ [Nm/A]	M _{max} [Nm]	I _{max} [A]	n _{max} [rpm]		Ls [mm]			L1 [mm]				L1 _{BR} [mm]			mBR [kg]
SKT10-100-20-xxW-3000	-	D	216	85	95	54.3	66	11	38	1,500	1.75	160	132	3,000	458	∞	357	402	65	7	443	488	151	49	55	70
SKT10-145-20-xxW-2000	s	-	216	85	160	66.6	120	18	50	1,500	2.4	310	200	2,500	499	405	495	540	56	48	557	602	117	68	70	79
SK110-143-20-XXVV-2000	-	D	210		130	00.0	120	10		1,500	2.4	010	200	2,000	610	∞	477	522	65	7	563	608	151	67	71	88





^{*} Flange connection to screw nut, see page 8 \cdot Legend on page 31 \cdot All dimensions in mm.

SKT13 liquid-cooled

with hollow through-shaft



Features

- Torque motor with broad, linear current-torque characteristic
- Speeds optimized for screw-nut systems
- Anti-backlash bearing
- Highly stiff radial coupling between hollow shaft of motor and nut
- Very high axial stiff
- Customized flanges available
- Sealed bearing with possibility for continuous lubrication
- Roller bearing for heavy duty and medium speeds
- Optional lubrication of screw nut on stationary component
- Direction of force: 380 kN pulling or 570 kN pushing
- Optional brake for vertical axes

Applications

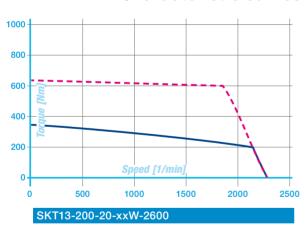
- Heavy duty
- Short movements or unlimited stroke length

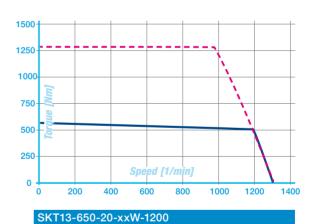
Equipment

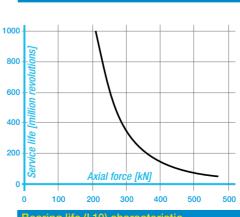
	Standard	Option
Brake	_	250 Nm
Encoder	Q, multiturn, inductive	F, multiturn, optical

Connecting cable: Nominal cross-section of copper conductor 35 mm²

Characteristic curves



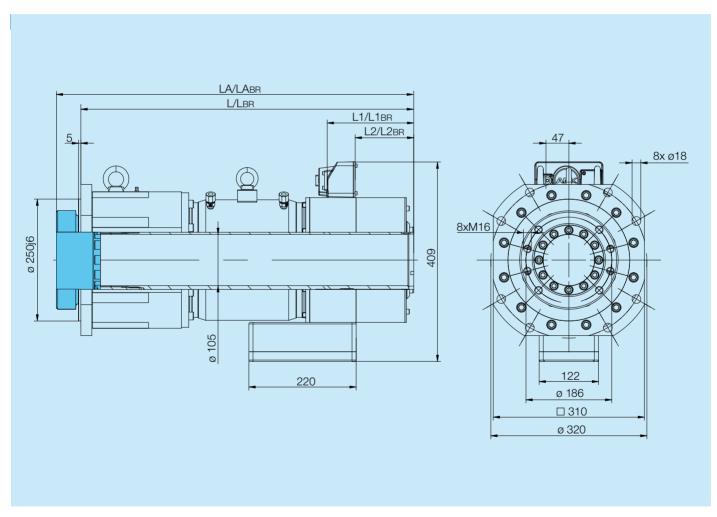




Bearing life (L10) characteristic



	igh-shaft	Bearin ford	g axial ces	Stall	data		Ra	ted	data		Maxir da						Med	han	ical c	lata				
Motor type	Hollow throu					M _N [Nm]	P _N [kW]	I _N [A]	n _N [rpm]	k _T [Nm/A]	M _{max} [Nm]	I _{max} [A]	n _{max} [rpm]	J [kgcm²]	L [mm]	LA [mm]	L1 [mm]	L2 [mm]	L _{BR} [mm]	LA _{BR} [mm]	L1 _{BR} [mm]	L2 _{BR} [mm]		m _{BR} [kg]
SKT13-200-20-xxW-2600	D	570 D	210	360	145.8	240	45	103	1,800	2.3	640	330	3,300	2,399	600	650	85	27	710	760	195	137	191	211
		380 Z		300					ĺ				,	,										
01/740 050 00 11/4000		570 D	040	000	400.7	000	00	100	4 000	4.0	1000	000	4 500	0.000	700	000	0.5	07	000	0.40	405	407	0.40	000
SKT13-650-20-xxW-1200	D	380 Z	210	660	108.7	600	63	130	1,000	4.6	1280	330	1,500	3,366	/80	830	85	27	890	940	195	137	240	260



²⁵





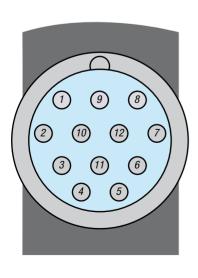
Position encoder

Encoder – overview

The motors can be equipped with various different position encoders.

Туре	Technical data	Max. speed [1/min]
F	Optical absolute encoder EnDAT 2.1. multiturn 512 periods/revolution 13bit resolution/revolution Multiturn resolution 4096 revolutions ±25" system accuracy	12,000
Q	Inductive absolute encoder EnDAT 2.1, multiturn Hollow through-shaft: 18bit/16 periods/revolution Hollow shaft with blind hole: 19bit/32 periods/revolution Multiturn resolution 4096 revolutions ±480"/280" system accuracy	12,000

Connector pin assignment on motor side



PIN Motor		Q/F encoder
connector	Signal	Meaning
1	G2N	Channel 2 not inverted
2	G2I	Channel 2 inverted
3	G1N	Channel 1 not inverted
4	G1I	Channel 1 inverted
5	05P	Supply 5 VDC, max. 250 mA
6	GND	Reference for supply
7	CLK+	EnDat encoder interface
8	CLK-	EnDat encoder interface
9	DAT+	EnDat encoder interface
10	DAT-	EnDat encoder interface
11	05P	Supply 5 VDC, max. 250 mA
12	GND	Reference for supply
Shield		Connector housing



Encoder cable

Prefabricated cables are available to connect the position encoder with KE/KW servo controllers. These are shielded multi paired conductor cables. Any length can be chosen in steps of 1 m up to 100 m.

Properties

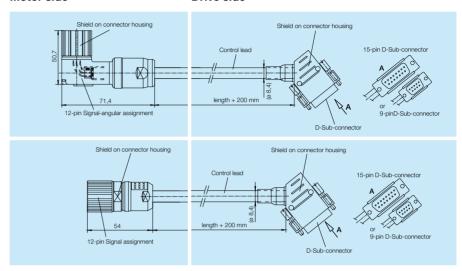
Sheath: PUR, conductors TPE

Cable trailing properties:

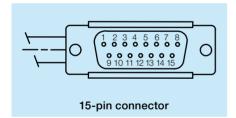
- min. bending radius 100 mm
- max. speed 1 m/s
- max. acceleration 4 m/s²
- 5 million bending cycles

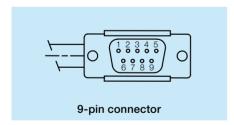
Motor side

Drive side



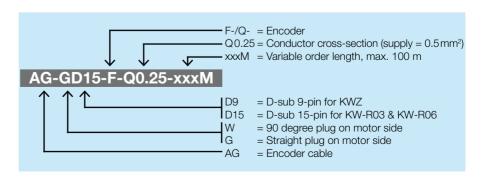
Connector pin assignment on drive side





	Connector	Pin assignn	nents on drive side			
Connector pin assign-		F encoder	Q enc	oder		
ment on		KW-R03 & KW-R06	KW-R06	KWZ		
motor side	Signal	PIN D-sub 15	PIN D-sub 15	PIN D-sub 9		
1	G2N	6	-	-		
2	G2I	5	_	_		
3	G1N	4	-	-		
4	G1I	3	_	-		
5	05P	13	13	1		
6	GND	8	8	8		
7	CLK+	12	12	3		
8	CLK-	11	11	4		
9	DAT+	10	10	5		
10	DAT-	9	9	6		
11	05P	7	7	9		
12	GND	14	14	2		
Shield		Plug casir	ng			

Encoder cable order designation



Power connection

Power connector and cable

Prefabricated cables with power connectors and various cable cross-sections are available for the power supply, temperature sensor and brake. The cable sheathing is removed from the ends of the wires on the drive side. The cables are available in any length measured in complete meters.



Properties:

Sheath: PUR. conductors TPE

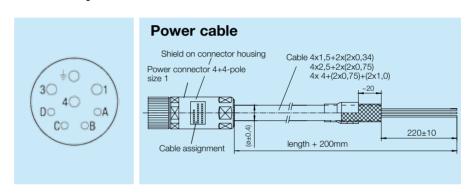
Cable trailing properties:

• min. bending radius:

12 x outer diameter of cable

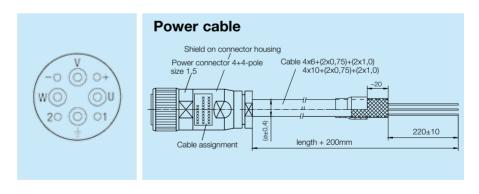
Pin assignments: Power connectors and power cables size 1 for SKT7

PIN	Meaning
А	Temperature sensor
В	Temperature sensor
С	Brake +
D	Brake 0 V
1	Motor phase u
3	Motor phase w
4	Motor phase v
Ť	Protective conductor

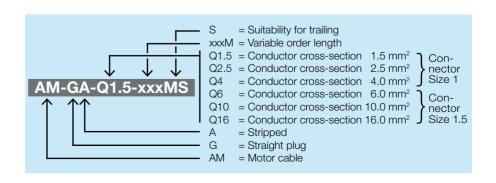


Pin assignments: Power connectors and power cables size 1.5 for SKT7 W and SKT10

PIN	Meaning
	Motor phase u
	Motor phase v
	Motor phase w
	Temperature sensor
	Temperature sensor
	Brake +24 V
	Brake 0 V
ŧ	Protective conductor

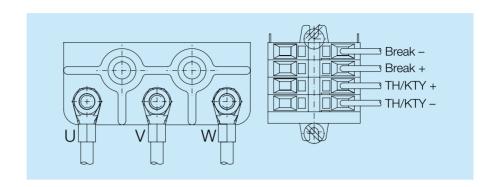


Power cable order designation



Power connection SKT13

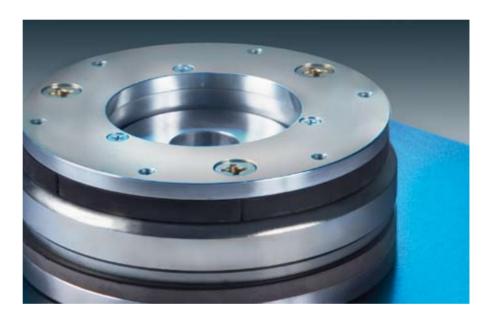
Terminal board assignments SKT13



Holding Brake

The motors can be optionally equipped with a holding brake. The brake is **not** suitable as an operational brake. The brakes are disengaged using 24 VDC (unfiltered).

Note: The maximum speed of the motor is limited by the maximum speed of the brake.



	shaft	ugh-shaft		Но	lding brak	ding brake for SPINDASYN motors									
Series	Blind hollow shaft	Hollow through-shaft	M _{BR} [Nm]	U _{BR} [V]	I _{br} [A]	JBR [kgcm²]	nmaxBR [rpm]	T _{on} [ms]	T _{off} [ms]						
SKT7	s	-	18	24	0.8	0.5	6.000	30	70						
SKI1	-	D	50	24	1.15	1.1	6,000	30	70						
SKT10	s	-	120	24	2.3	2.4	6,000	30	70						
SKITU	-	D	120	_ 24	1.3	60	0,000	30	70						
SKT13	-	D	250	24	2.9	130	3,000	250	250						



Abbreviations

Characters	Unit	Explanation
F _{max_stat}	kN	Maximum force, static
F _{max_dyn}	kN	Maximum force, dynamic
M _o	Nm	Continuous stall torque
I _o	Α	Continuous stall current
M _N	Nm	Rated torque
P _N	kW	Rated power
I _N	А	Rated current
n _N	rpm	Rated speed
k _T	Nm/A	Torque constant (M = I * k_T)
M _{max}	Nm	Maximum torque
I _{max}	А	Maximum current
n _{max}	rpm	Maximum speed
J	kgcm²	Motor moment of inertia
L	mm	Motor length
Ls	mm	Length of blind hole
LA/LA _{BR}	mm	Motor length with adapter
Li	mm	Distance from connector to end of motor
L2	mm	Distance from encoder con- nector to end of motor (with hollow through-shafts, right side of connector casing to end of motor)
L _{BR}	mm	Length of motor with brake
L1 _{BR}	mm	Distance from power con- nector to end of motor with brake
L2 _{BR}	mm	Distance from encoder con- nector to end of motor with brake (for hollow through- shaft, right side of connec- tor casing to end of motor)
m	kg	Motor mass
m _{BR}	kg	Motor mass with brake
M _{BR}	Nm	min. static braking torque
U _{BR}	V	Brake voltage
I _{BR}	А	Brake current
J _{BR}	kgcm ²	Brake moment of inertia
n _{maxBR}	rpm	Maximum brake speed
T _{on}	ms	Time for brake to engage
T _{off}	ms	Time for brake to disengage

General technical data

Protection class:

IP54. Higher protection classes available on request.

Datad data

Relative to temperature rise of 80 K in windings. The motor is tested for this using a thermally insulated flange.

Dissipation losses in screw-nut system may require verification in application.

Insulating material class/heat class:

Fin acc. with DIN VDE 0530.

Thermal protection:

PTC thermistor, cold resistance approx. 150–800 Ω .

Motor bearing, A-side:

Lubricated-for-life angular contact ball bearings and tapered roller bearings, must be greased occasionally depending on the application.

Motor bearing, B-side:

Lubricated-for-life, sealed bearing.

Balance quality grade:

G 2.5 in accordance with VDI 2056.

Vibration severity grade:

N in acc. with DIN ISO 2373.

Painting:

RAL 9005, flat black.

Cooling:

Convection cooling or liquid cooling

Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature:

+5 to +40 °C. At higher ambient temperatures of up to maximum 60 °C, the rated data must be reduced by 1 % per 1 K temperature increase.

Elevation of installation site:

Up to 1000 m above sea level. When operated at sites with elevations higher than 1000 m, the ambient temperatures given in DIN VDE 0530 Table 4 apply.

Humidity:

Maximum $85\,\%$ relative humidity, no condensation.

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AMK Arnold Müller GmbH & Co. KG Drives and Controls

Postfach 1355 73221 Kirchheim/Teck, Germany

Gaußstraße 37-39 73230 Kirchheim/Teck, Germany

Phone: +49(0)7021/5005-0 Fax: +49(0)7021/5005-199

info@amk-antriebe.de www.amk-antriebe.de